1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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4	April 7, 2010	
5	Concord, New 1	NHPUC APR15'10 PM 3:29
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7	RE:	
8		UNITIL SERVICE CORP.: Renewable Energy Source Option.
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12	PRESENT:	Commissioner Clifton C. Below, Presiding Commissioner Amy L. Ignatius
13		Sandy Deno, Clerk
14		
15	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Unitil Service Corp.:
16		Susan S. Geiger, Esq. (Orr & Reno)
17		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: Meredith Hatfield, Esq., Consumer Advocate Office of Consumer Advocate
18		
19		Reptg. PUC Staff: Suzanne G. Amidon, Esq.
20		Thomas C. Frantz, Director-Electric Division
21		
22		
23	Cou	rt Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52

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CMSR. BELOW: Good afternoon. I'll open this hearing in DE 09-224. On November 12th, 2009, Unitil Energy Systems, Inc., filed its proposed Renewable Default Energy Service Option pursuant to RSA 374-F:3, V(f). And, the Commission issued Order Number 25,066 subsequently, suspending the tariff and scheduling a prehearing conference, which was held on January 28th of this year. Subsequently, a secretarial letter established a procedural schedule and scheduled this date for hearing on the merits. On March 12th, 2010, the Staff filed a request to extend the deadline to file settlement to March 31st, 2010, and on that date a settlement was filed. So, we'll start by taking appearances. MS. GEIGER: Yes. Good afternoon, Commissioner Below, Commissioner Ignatius. I'm Susan Geiger, from the law firm of Orr & Reno, and I represent Unitil Energy Systems, Inc. And, with me today from the Company is Mr. Rob Furino and Ms. Kristen Cote. CMSR. BELOW: Good afternoon. MS. HATFIELD: Good afternoon, Meredith Hatfield, for the Office of Commissioners. Consumer Advocate, on behalf of residential ratepayers.

{DE 09-224} {04-07-10}

Good afternoon.

CMSR. BELOW:

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MS. AMIDON: Good afternoon.
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                                                        Suzanne
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       Amidon, for Commission Staff.
                         CMSR. BELOW: Good afternoon. And, do
 3
       you have witnesses?
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                         MS. GEIGER: Yes, I do. I'd like to
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 6
       call Mr. Furino to the stand please.
                          (Whereupon Robert S. Furino was duly
 7
                         sworn and cautioned by the Court
 8
 9
                         Reporter.)
                        ROBERT S. FURINO, SWORN
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11
                           DIRECT EXAMINATION
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     BY MS. GEIGER:
          Could you please state your name for the record.
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14
          Robert Steven Furino.
          And, Mr. Furino, by whom are you employed and what
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16
          position do you hold?
17
          Unitil Service Corp., and I'm the Director of Energy
     Α.
18
          Contracts for the Unitil companies.
19
          And, what are your duties?
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          I oversee their procurement of wholesale electric power
21
          and gas.
22
     Q.
          And, Mr. Furino, have you previously testified before
23
          the Commission?
24
          Yes, I have.
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- 1 Q. Did you prefile testimony in this docket?
- 2 A. I did.

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- 3 Q. And, what was the purpose of your prefiled testimony?
 - A. The purpose of my prefiled testimony was to present and explain the Renewable Energy Source Option, or RSO,
- 6 proposal that UES is proposing in compliance with
- 7 recent legislative changes to RSA 374, Section F:3,
- 8 V(f), which require electric utilities to offer its
- 9 customers one or more renewable energy source options.
- Q. And, Mr. Furino, I'm going to show you a package of documents, with a cover letter from Gary Epler to Debra Howland, dated November 10th, 2009. Could you please
- 14 A. These documents contain my prefiled testimony and
 15 attachments describing UES's Renewable Source Option
 16 Program as it was initially proposed.
- MS. GEIGER: And, I'm assuming that the Bench has copies of the initial filing?
- 19 CMSR. BELOW: Yes.
- MS. GEIGER: Thank you.

identify these documents for me?

- 21 BY MS. GEIGER:
- Q. And, Mr. Furino, do you have any corrections to your prefiled testimony?
- 24 A. I don't have any corrections to my prefiled testimony.

1	However, I would note that my prefiled testimony and
2	attachments reflect UES's initially proposed RSO
3	Program, which has been modified as a result of the
4	Partial Settlement Agreement with Commission Staff that
5	will be discussed later.
6	Q. Mr. Furino, with the exceptions noted in the areas of
7	your with the exceptions to your prefiled testimony
8	that are reflected to the reflected by the Partial
9	Settlement Agreement that has been reached with Staff
10	in this docket, if I were to ask you the same
11	questions, but for the Partial Settlement provisions,
12	would your answers to your prefiled testimony be the
13	same?
14	A. Yes, they would.
15	MS. GEIGER: And, I would ask that the
16	documents that have been presented with the cover letter
17	from Mr. Epler be marked for identification as "Exhibit
18	1".
19	CMSR. BELOW: So marked.
20	(The document, as described, was
21	herewith marked as Exhibit 1 for
22	identification.)
23	MS. GEIGER: Thank you.

BY MS. GEIGER:

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Now, Mr. Furino, could you please look at this document
     Q.
 1
          that bears a cover letter from Attorney Amidon to Debra
 2
 3
          Howland, dated March 31st, 2010, and identify it
          please.
 4
                This is the Partial Settlement Agreement that I
 5
          referred to earlier.
 6
 7
                         MS. GEIGER: Okay. And, I'll ask if the
       Bench has a copy of the Partial Settlement Agreement?
 8
                         CMSR. BELOW: Yes, we do.
 9
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                         MS. GEIGER:
                                      Okay.
                                              Thank you.
     BY MS. GEIGER:
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          And, Mr. Furino, are there any corrections to the
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13
          Partial Settlement Agreement that you need to make?
14
     Α.
         No, there are not.
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                         MS. GEIGER: Okay. And, I would ask
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       that this document be marked as "Exhibit 2" for
       identification.
17
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                         CMSR. BELOW: So marked.
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                         (The document, as described, was
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                         herewith marked as Exhibit 2 for
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                         identification.)
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                         MS. GEIGER: Thank you.
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     BY MS. GEIGER:
         Now, Mr. Furino, could you please briefly describe for
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 $\{DE\ 09-224\} \qquad \{04-07-10\}$

the Commission UES's currently proposed Renewable

Service Option Program that it's seeking approval of in
this docket?

A. Yes. Thank you. At the outset, I would point out that the Partial Settlement Agreement only results in a couple changes to UES's initially proposed RSO Program. First, UES has agreed that it will not make any adjustments to its RSO REC procurement to account for distribution losses between the Company's wholesale tie points and customer meters in determining the proper number of RECs to acquire.

The other significant change is that UES has agreed not to recover any over- or undercollections from the RSO rate in its default service energy rates.

UES would seek approval from the Commission before seeking to include any RSO-related over- or undercollections in its default service energy rates, which might occur if the Company were to calculate a negative RSA rate or a very high RSO rate that might strongly discourage participation.

Q. Now, Mr. Furino, I think those are sort of the two modifications that Unitil has made to its initial filing. Could you please briefly describe what the bulk of the program would entail.

Α.	res. The RSO Program that OES is proposing is very
	similar to the PSNH program that the Commission
	approved in Order 25,080, issued in docket DE 09-186,
	on March 5th, 2010. UES will purchase and retire
	Renewable Energy Certificates from facilities that are
	certified as Class I or Class II generation resources
	under the RPS law, which is RSA 362, Section F-4, and
	will only purchase Renewable Energy Certificates, or
	RECs, that can be used for compliance with the
	Commission's RPS rules, as established in the PUC's
	2500 rules.

Like PSNH, UES will offer three renewable energy resource options; a 25 percent option, a 50 percent option, and a 100 percent option. Under these options, UES will purchase and retire RECs to match 25 percent, 50 percent, or 100 percent of the customer's actual electric uses -- electricity usage, depending on the option chosen by the customer.

RSO customers will be billed at the default service energy rate, plus an additional rate, which will reflect the charge for the RSO Option. As of the date of the Partial Settlement Agreement, the estimates for the additional RSO charge are: 3 cents per kilowatt-hour for the 100 percent option; 1.5 cents

per kilowatt-hour for the 50 percent option; and 0.75 1 cents per kilowatt-hour for the 25 percent option. 2 3 And, Mr. Furino, have you prepared a document that Q. 4 shows the monthly bill impacts for each of the RSO 5 options that you've just described? 6 Yes, I have. In response to a data request from Staff, 7 I prepared a document entitled "Revised Attachment 4", which is an update to an attachment in the initial 8 filing. Yes. That document shows the sample 9 10 calculation of the RSO charges, as well as some sample 11 calculations of incremental monthly bill impacts for 12 the program. And, Mr. Furino, I'm going to show you a copy of a 13 Ο. 14 document that is entitled "Revised Attachment 4 Updated 15 March 12th, 2010". Is this the document that you just referred to in your testimony? 16 Yes, it is. 17 Α. 18 And, Commissioner Below, MS. GEIGER: 19 I'd like to have this document that I just handed out marked as "Exhibit 3" for identification. 20 21 CMSR. BELOW: It's so marked. 22 (The document, as described, was 23 herewith marked as Exhibit 3 for

identification.)

24

MS. GEIGER: Thank you. 1 2 CMSR. IGNATIUS: Excuse me, Ms. Geiger. 3 If you have an extra one for Chairman Getz, we can put it 4 in his file. MS. GEIGER: Oh, yes. I apologize for 5 I meant to give you three. 6 Thank you. 7 BY MS. GEIGER: Mr. Furino, could you please continue describing other 8 features of the RSO Program that are basically the 9 10 major components of it. Yes. UES proposes to limit the RSO Program to 11 12 customers taking domestic service, which are Rate Class D, and regular generation service, which are Rate Class 13 14 G2, those customers taking such service under UES's default service tariff, who are not also enrolled in a 15 16 low income Electric Assistance Program or Fuel 17 Assistance Program administered by a CAP agency. 18 is because these funds are limited, and introducing an 19 additional RSO charge would reduce the availability of 20 assistance from these programs while there are -- at a 21 time when there are customers waiting for these 22 services. 23 Like the PSNH program, UES will not make the RSO Program available to customers who are 24

purchasing their electricity from competitive suppliers. In addition, UES proposes not to offer the RSO Program to its large general service customers, that is Rate Class G1, and to its outdoor lighting customers, which is Rate Class OL. Commission Staff has taken no position on this aspect of UES's program, and, therefore, as indicated on Page 6 of the Partial Settlement Agreement, this issue is being presented to the Commission for resolution.

- Q. And, Mr. Furino, could you please explain for the

 Commission why UES does not wish to offer the RSO

 Program to Rate Class G1 and outdoor lighting customers
 who are on default service?
- A. Yes. UES's large general service customers, this is

 G1, have access to competitive electricity supplies, as
 evidenced by the fact that currently 80 percent of
 supplies delivered to G1 customers are provided by
 competitive suppliers. The remaining 20 percent of the
 G1 class do have the ability to access the competitive
 supply market for supply and for RECs, and, therefore,
 UES does not believe it's necessary to provide this
 program to them.

UES did a quick search for suppliers who offer renewable energy credits to retail customers in

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New Hampshire, as well as other states, and found over 50 suppliers listed. UES is a strong advocate of retail choice and does not wish to compete directly with competitive suppliers to provide this service.

UES proposes, with regard to outdoor lighting customers, UES proposes not to offer the program to outdoor lighting customers for several First, that customer class requires reasons. significant manual work in the process of billing, given the setup of the Company's billing system. accommodate billing for each rate change, 282 separate rate codes need to be updated. And, unfortunately, this is a manual process. Because outdoor lighting sales represent only 0.75 percent of the Company's total sales, it does not seem appropriate to incur the additional costs and effort to implement billing for only these few customers. Secondly, outdoor lighting customers are not generally exclusive, stand-alone Rather, outdoor lighting is typically an customers. additional service associated with a primary service, that is typically a G1 or G2 account. The outdoor lighting service is provided to customers like governmental bodies and private customers taking service, as I said, under a different rate class. UES

[WITNESS: Furino] is not proposing to exclude the associated customers, only the outdoor lighting service. Those outdoor lighting customers who take regular generation service under Class G2 under the Company's default service tariff are eligible for participation in the RSO Program. And, lastly, as of January 2010, 23 percent of the outdoor lighting customers were supplied by competitive marketers and would otherwise not -- the program would not be available to them in any case. And, Mr. Furino, could you please describe any other Q. major features of the RSO Program that you think would be important for the Commissioners to learn about? As indicated on Page 4 of the Partial Settlement Α. Agreement, for the first year of the program as proposed, external start-up and administrative costs, which would be primarily for marketing and promotion, would be capped at \$50,000, and these external annual ongoing costs would be capped at \$20,000 per year thereafter. And, that level of spending would be

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program.

The Company would -- proposes to recover those costs from all customers under its distribution rates. These costs do not include costs that would be

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reviewed after the first year of operation of the

required if UES were required to include the G1 and outdoor lighting customers as part of the program.

As far as enrollment, customers will be able to enroll in or withdraw from the RSO Program by calling UES's Customer Service Center or by electronically submitting requests through the Company's website. In order to accomplish enrollment or withdrawal effective with the customer's next meter read date, the customer must submit their enrollment or withdrawal request at least two business days prior to their next regularly scheduled meter read date.

- Q. And, Mr. Furino, assuming that the Commission were to approve UES's proposed RSO Program as modified by the Partial Settlement Agreement, what steps will UES take to implement the program?
- A. UES would file tariff pages for effect 120 days after the approval date, along with testimony or a technical statement explaining the calculation of the rates for the three options, and a projection of the prices for Class I and Class II RECs that we used to calculate the rates. UES intends to utilize the REC cost estimates used in setting its RPS compliance costs as part of its default service rates. Subsequent changes to the tariff to reflect new rates for the RSO Program would

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be for effect either May 1st or November 1st, beginning
the next year, which would be 2011, and would otherwise
coincide with changes to default service energy rates
for the Company's residential and small commercial
class customers, which occurs every six months.

Lastly, in addition, UES will file quarterly reports with the Commission and the OCA or other parties after the program -- the quarterly reports -- excuse me. Quarterly reports will detail the number of customers who have chosen to participate in the program, their kilowatt-hour sales, their rate class, the RSO option they have chosen, the resulting REC requirement, which would be different, depending on which option they chose, and the projected annual revenue that would be provided to or paid to generators of these renewable certificates. The reports would also summarize marketing efforts. In addition, after 12 months of program operation, an annual report would be provided that would summarize the marketing activity and program participation.

- Q. Thank you, Mr. Furino. Do you have anything further to add to your testimony today?
- A. No, but I would be happy to respond to questions.

MS. GEIGER: Thank you, I have nothing

further. 1 2 CMSR. BELOW: Thank you. Ms. Hatfield. Thank you, Commissioner 3 MS. HATFIELD: 4 Below. Good afternoon, Mr. Furino. 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. HATFIELD: 6 If you could turn to Page 5 of the settlement agreement 7 8 which I believe is Exhibits 2. Thank you. 9 Α. Yes. 10 And, in the section number 4, labeled "Filing of Tariff 11 Pages", if you could look at the last paragraph on Page 5, that paragraph discusses over- and undercollections. 12 Do you see that? 13 14 Thank you. Yes. 15 And, can you just briefly explain why there might be 16 over- and undercollections within the RSO rate? The Company needs to project a rate for or a cost 17 Α. 18 of acquiring these certificates in order to charge a 19 rate to the customer at the time they consume their 20 The Company would most likely not purchase power. 21 those RECs until several months pass. This same timing 22 phenomenon takes place in the compliance for the RPS 23 requirements for all default service customers. 24 Q. And, what I believe this section is stating, as you

previously testified, is that you are not going to seek to recover any RSO over- or undercollection from the default service rate, unless you can show the Commission that there's a good reason to do so, is that correct?

- A. That's correct. The Company would maintain a separate reconciliation for this RSO option, and it would include its own reconciliation values, only to the extent, as I mentioned, if it were to create a negative rate or extremely high rate would the Company seek to include those costs in the general default service rate.
- Q. And, would you agree that, if the Company was using a third party supplier to provide the renewable option, that the Company would not face the issue of potential over- and undercollections in the RSO rate?
- A. I agree that a third party supplier would offer a fixed price and would stick by that fixed price. I would be surprised if a third party marketer would offer a customer this product on any sort of a pass-through basis, which would allow them to go back and subsequently adjust for their actual costs as they are realized. So, in that case, the retail supplier of the RECs would be assuming the risk of the actual price,

- any variance between the price they offer the customer and their actual cost.
 - Q. And, I believe you testified that the Company would begin to implement the RSO Program 120 days after you receive a Commission order, is that correct?
- 6 A. That's correct.

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- Q. And, during that time, during that four-month period, while you're getting ready to actually implement it, will you begin the marketing and the outreach process to try to get people to think about enrolling?
- A. I'm not exactly sure. I can't state that. We have been planning a 16-week preparation period. I can't tell you if, during the 12th week or the 16th week, we would begin those processes. But, certainly, the development of all that material and the crafting of those messages would be undertaken during that time.
- Q. If you turn to Page 4 of the Settlement Agreement,

 Section 2 deals with "Marketing and Promotion Costs"?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And, it looks like, for the first year, what you call "external start-up and administrative costs", you agreed to cap them at \$50,000?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- 24 Q. And, what do you mean by "external start-up and

- administrative costs"?
- A. These would be outsourced efforts. It would include printing activities, design, perhaps website design, establishing the various messages, materials.
- Q. And, then, you state, in the next sentence, that, after the first year, the ongoing costs would "not exceed \$20,000 per year"?
- 8 A. Correct. That's the plan, yes.

24

- 9 Q. And, does that amount for the first year, the term
 10 "administrative costs", does that include any billing
 11 changes or other things that the Company might need to
 12 do to get ready to offer the program?
- 13 A. Those start-up costs do not include billing changes.

 14 Those are internal costs to the Company.
- Q. And, are there any internal costs related to the program?
- 17 A. Yes. The Company estimates that, as proposed, year one
 18 internal costs would be \$14,000. And, those would
 19 really be part of the Company's rate base, and would be
 20 recovered over time as they, you know, the Company is
 21 not seeking explicit recovery, any distribution rate
 22 for those costs at this time.
 - Q. And, you said -- I think you said "\$14,000 year one costs". Did you project any future costs at this time?

- A. Yes. As proposed, our ongoing projected future costs
 are 2,000 a year. And, this is, again, the internal
 administration. It reflects tracking and reporting and
 oversight.
 - Q. And, then, in terms of "program review", as you call it on Page 6 of the Settlement, you've also, as you've briefly described, you committed to providing reports and meeting with interested parties to review the success of the program, is that right?
 - A. That's correct.

MS. HATFIELD: That completes my questions. Thank you very much.

WITNESS FURINO: Thank you.

CMSR. BELOW: Thank you. Ms. Amidon.

MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Good afternoon,

16 Mr. Furino.

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- 17 BY MS. AMIDON:
- Q. What would the Company do if it had customers enrolled in this program, and there were insufficient qualified RECs in the market to account for the customer participation and contribution through the RSO service charge? What would you do with those funds?
 - A. If the Company were unable to purchase the renewable certificates that it would require to demonstrate

performance under this program, it would essentially make payments to the Renewable Energy Fund by means of alternative compliance payments, and those would become -- those alternative compliance payments would become the cost of those RECs.

- Q. Thank you. In designing the program, did the Company consider what would be a robust participation in the RSO product, for example, by percentage? Do you have any, for example, any expectations of what you would think would be a supportive participation in the RSO Program?
- A. I believe we responded to that question in data requests, and let me see if I can find that.
- Q. I didn't mean to put you on the spot.

- A. I believe approximately 1 percent of sales, of eligible sales, would be within a bandwidth of expectations.
- Q. And, then, just going to sort of the opposite end of that question, under the statute, "A utility, with commission approval, may require that [there be] a minimum number of customers, or a minimum amount of load, to participate in the program in order to offer an [RSO Program]." Has the Company looked at what they think would be a necessary minimum number of customers or amount of load to make the program viable?

- A. Yes. And, the Company does not propose any minimum.

 Any customers who want to participate are enough to keep the program going. The Company is already purchasing renewable certificates for its RPS compliance requirements. And, so, this is essentially an optional extension of that process.
 - Q. So, if you had, and then just this is a hypothetical, if you had 0.2 percent participation, you would not consider that to be insufficient number or insufficient load to continue with the program?
 - A. I think that, as the parties get together to review the annual performance of the program, the parties would likely consider the annual expenditures for marketing and promotion and the types of promotion that were being undertaken. And, we really view this as a test of customers' receptivity to financially supporting renewable resources. So, at this time, we have no plans to draw a line in the sand to say that we would propose to close the program down below some minimum threshold level of participation.
 - Q. Well, that's a reasonable answer. Could you please describe briefly what the Company would seek to reconcile in the External Delivery Charge?
- A. The External Delivery Charge would be the Company's

- means of recovering its marketing and promotion costs.

 These external outsourced costs and materials that we describe as capped at \$50,000 in year one, and \$20,000 annually thereafter.
- Q. And, when would you first expect to make the filing in connection with the Company's annual External Delivery Charge filing, or the reconciliation filing, I should say? Would that be in 2010 or 2011?
- 9 A. I would suspect this will be in 2011.
- 10 Q. Okay.

- A. I believe the timing of the 2010 External Delivery

 Charge filing and review will be conducted before the

 tariff goes into place, before these costs are

 incurred. And, therefore, my thinking is we would

 include these costs in the 2011 rate. If something

 were different, we certainly would propose it during

 the EDC proceeding, proceeding involving the External

 Delivery Charge rate.
 - Q. One final question. The Company is required to make this offering pursuant to the statute. Could the Company commence delivery of this program before 120 days after an order approving the program is issued? And, if so, how much, could you truncate that start time, in your opinion?

Ţ	A. You know, I believe, when we proposed the 16 weeks of
2	implementation time, that that was really time that was
3	needed to get the billing system in place so that it
4	could handle this incremental charge, and to craft and
5	develop the marketing message and to get that ready to
6	go. And, so, I really don't believe we can do it any
7	sooner. And, we certainly could purchase the
8	certificates sooner, if we knew what volumes were. But
9	I think it's also important to let the process play out
10	so that a marketing program is implemented in a
11	specific point in time, and then we have the
12	opportunity to get the reaction from that and to be in
13	a position to assess the effectiveness of that. So,
14	it's more of a complete package, I think, and this
15	timing I think is the best we can do.
16	MS. AMIDON: Thank you. I have no
17	further questions.
18	CMSR. BELOW: Okay. Thank you.
19	Commissioner Ignatius.
20	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you.
21	BY CMSR. IGNATIUS:
22	Q. I think I didn't follow all of the cost discussion and
23	would like to just go through that again to be sure I

understand, since it was a little more detailed than

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what was in the Settlement Agreement itself. You're proposing that, and maybe it's easier to think of a one-time charge versus recurring charges, all right?

[WITNESS:

Furino]

- 4 A. Uh-huh.
- Q. So, you have a one-time external start-up and administrative cost charge capped at \$50,000, is that right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- Q. And, that's a blend of marketing activities,
 promotional materials, and other administrative work,
 but not the change to the billing system?
- 12 A. Well, that's right. It does not include the change to
 13 the billing system, which is really internal
 14 development work.
- Q. The internal billing work you estimated would be \$14,000 in the first year and 2,000 per year thereafter?
- 18 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. But you don't propose to have that internal billing charge assessed against those participating in this program, it would be spread across all customers?
- 22 A. It would actually just be performed with the Company's existing resources.
- 24 Q. And, so, --

A. Otherwise reflected in rate base.

- Q. Okay. So, do you not consider it a cost of providing this service?
- A. Well, I consider it the, you know, usage of resources that customers in general are already paying for as part of, you know, our existing rate base structure.

 We're not intending, we don't foresee additional hires as a result of this work. Includes customer training and design and testing of, you know, the implementation in the billing system itself. And, as I said, ongoing tracking and reporting.
 - Q. The next sentence of the Settlement Agreement, this is on Page 4, says that then you have the ongoing -- the annual ongoing charges, and you estimate \$20,000 as a cap -- I'm sorry, you commit to a \$20,000 cap for "ongoing promotion and customer communication costs".

 So, this is year after year after year you expect somewhere in the range of \$20,000 to be spent?
 - A. That's a current projection. And, again, I think that's something that would be revisited each year, as the Company accumulates experience in the program and learns a little bit more about what techniques work, what don't, and the more general question of, you know, customers' willingness to financially support, you

1 know, renewable generation.

- Q. Well, what's an example of what could be under that "ongoing promotion and communication costs" that would be a significant expense, once the program is developed, you've done that initial work, you've developed the promotional materials?
- A. Right. Well, we could develop a different, you know, programming piece. For instance, we talk about a "Be a Good Green Neighbor" package, where, you know, we offer to interested customers, customers who participate, you know, a package of essentially energy efficient goodies and different -- different things like that. That's one thing. Modifying and implementing changes in the Company's IVR system and its billing system, it's messaging system, could be additional costs. And, materials costs, bill stuff materials, those kind of costs are, you know, additional, incremental ongoing costs.
- Q. So, in years where you don't make any significant changes, I assume you wouldn't incur very significant costs under that category, and it simply would be factored into the reconciliation process for the RSO Program?
- A. Probably be limited to materials costs, yes.

Q.	All right. You stated and in the Settlement Agreement
	it also says that the rates you anticipate will come in
	with the tariff when you're ready to roll this out four
	months after a Commission order. Do you anticipate the
	rates being any significant variation from what's in
	your testimony today?

- A. No, I don't. I think those are at a reasonable level.

 We'll probably see that level. That's what we know today.
- Q. Is it your understanding that the parties anticipate, when reaching this agreement, that they anticipated that when those new rates come in with the tariff that there be a hearing before implementation? Or, would they be more in the nature of an informational filing, consistent with the Settlement Agreement?
- A. I would think they would be more in the nature of an informational filing. But I defer to others.

CMSR. IGNATIUS: And, I suppose, if anyone has a different -- had a different understanding in the Settlement Agreement, they can let us know that today.

BY THE WITNESS:

A. If I may, on an ongoing basis, we would be before the Commission in a default service proceeding, and the opportunity to review those rates at that time would be

1 available.

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2 BY CMSR. IGNATIUS:

- Q. And, that's a good point. Whatever the rate is, it is reconcilable when actual experience through the first
- 5 12 months is apparent, correct?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- Q. Have you made an effort to quantify the costs of
 additional classification of customers being brought
 into the program, administrative costs or other
 marketing costs, if the program were expanded beyond
 the groups that are laid out in your proposal?
 - A. Well, certainly, to expand it to the outdoor lighting group of customers is an additional expense. And, the \$14,000 of initial cost on the internal side jumps to 34,000.
- 16 BY CMSR. BELOW:
- Q. Could I clarify that. Is that primarily for the outdoor lighting or would that --
- 19 A. It's actually for both.
- 20 0. For both.
- 21 A. It includes the G1, as well as the outdoor lighting.
- 22 CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you. I have no
- 23 other questions.
- 24 CMSR. BELOW: Okay. Ms. Geiger, do you

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       have any redirect?
                                      If I can confer for just
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                         MS. GEIGER:
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       one quick second?
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                         CMSR. BELOW:
                                       Okay.
                          (Atty. Geiger conferring with Witness
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                         Furino.)
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                                      Thank you, Commissioner
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                         MS. GEIGER:
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       Below.
               I have no further questions.
                         CMSR. BELOW: Okay. Is there any
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       objection to striking the identification on the exhibits
       and entering them into evidence as full exhibits?
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                          (No verbal response)
                                       Then, that will be so
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                         CMSR. BELOW:
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              And, we can move to closing arguments. And, in
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       particular, I think the parties could address the issue
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       presented for resolution by the Commission, their sort of
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       take on what the statute says and what we might do in that
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       regard. Ms. Hatfield.
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                         MS. HATFIELD:
                                        Thank you. With respect
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       to the Company's request to limit the offering to exclude
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       certain parties, the OCA does believe that the -- under
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       the Commission's ruling in the PSNH order, that PSNH could
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       limit the offering to only those customers actually taking
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       default service, we think that the Commission could extend
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that ruling to support Unitil's proposal. Our main concern is, obviously, with residential customers, and we think that this program, it provides a unique opportunity for those customers to access a competitive market in a way that they're currently not able to. And, we do believe that the larger customers do have the opportunity to access the market, both for traditional default service and, as Mr. Furino testified, there are companies who are offering a green service as well. So, we think it is within the Commission's authority to restrict the program in that way.

And, if the Commission decides to do that, it might be appropriate for the parties to review that issue when we meet a year or so from now, once the programs have been in effect for that period and we have reports on enrollment, and we may have information about large customers who want to participate and who are excluded. And, perhaps, we would make a recommendation to the Commission to change the program.

With respect to Unitil's overall proposal, as I said, we are pleased that, with this proposal now, all three utilities will be offering a renewable default service offering to their customers. We do prefer the approach that National Grid has taken, which

is to utilize a third party company to provide the service. And, our reasons include the fact that there's no risk that other customers will have to bear the cost of any undercollections related to the renewable offering.

And, also, consistent with I think what Mr. Furino was saying on a different topic, we think it's better for the utilities not to be in a situation where they're competing with competitive suppliers.

But we are pleased that the Company and Staff were able to make some changes to the Company's proposal. And, specifically, the Company's agreement not to seek, on a routine basis, to reconcile over-/undercollections from the RSO into default service. We think that that is an appropriate change. And, if the Company did seek, under an extraordinary circumstance, to do that, we would certainly try to participate in that case. Thank you very much.

CMSR. BELOW: Thank you. Ms. Amidon.

MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Staff wants to
thank the Company and the OCA for their participation in
drafting the Settlement Agreement. Although the Office of
Consumer Advocate did not sign the Agreement, Ms. Hatfield
made some important contributions and appreciate her
participation. We think that the Settlement Agreement is

just and reasonable and in the public interest. And, particularly, as Attorney Hatfield referred to, we think it's appropriate that these different tracks move forward, in terms of the different kinds of programs offered by PSNH, Unitil, and National Grid, so that, at the end of a year of operation, the companies can get back to us, we can look at these programs, and possibly make recommendations to the Commission regarding their future implementation.

Having said that, I believe I have nothing more to add. Thank you.

CMSR. BELOW: Thank you. Ms. Geiger.

MS. GEIGER: Thank you, Commissioner
Below. At the outset, UES wants to thank the Commission
Staff and the OCA for their cooperation and thoughtful
comments during the discovery phase and in the drafting
phase of the Settlement Agreement. And, we're especially
appreciative of Staff's efforts in assisting and
developing and signing the Partial Settlement Agreement.
And, UES would respectfully request that the Commission
approve the proposed RSO Program as reflected in the
initial filing and as modified by the Partial Settlement
Agreement.

The Company believes that, as it's

currently configured and proposed, the RSO Program comports with the Legislature's intent in enacting the recent modifications to RSA 374-F:3, V(f), which require utilities to provide their customers with one or more renewable service options.

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The Commission has recently approved PSNH's Renewable Service or Renewable Energy Service, which Unitil used as a model in many regards in developing its own Renewable Service Option. Therefore, UES believes that the Commission should authorize UES to proceed in a similar fashion with its own RSO Program.

As for the question presented for the Commission's consideration, regarding whether UES may exclude its Rate G1 default service customers and its outdoor lighting service customers from participating in the program, UES would note a couple of things. The language in RSA 374-F:3, V(f)(2) doesn't compel a utility to offer a renewable service option to all of its customers. Indeed, the most recently approved PSNH Renewable Service Program is not available to all of its default service customers. For instance, the program is not available to default service customers who receive financial assistance.

In UES's case, the additional costs and

the administrative burdens of making the RSO Program available to the outdoor lighting default customers, which represent just 0.75 percent of UES sales, and the fact that the majority, the vast majority, 80 percent of the G1 customers, currently access the competitive market for wholesale electric products. And, with, again, 80 percent of the sales being provided by retail marketers provides sufficient justification for the Commission to exclude these small groups of customers from the RSO Program.

RSA 374-F:3, V(f)(2) provides that a utility shall provide its renewable services option "as approved by the commission". And, in Subsection (9) of that statute, the legislation states that the commission is to implement the renewable service requirements "through utility-specific filings".

We believe that these two provisions provide or suggest that the Legislature intended that each utility and the Commission should have some discretion as to how to implement the renewable services statute, and that no universal approach should apply necessarily to all circumstances or to all utilities.

Again, UES respectfully asks that it be allowed to implement its RSO Program as currently proposed. Thank you.

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CMSR. BELOW: Thank you.
                                                     If there's no
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       other matters, we'll close the public hearing and take the
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       matter under advisement. Thank you.
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                          MS. GEIGER:
                                        Thank you.
                          (Whereupon the hearing ended at 2:29
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                          p.m.)
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